Dark Sector Searches at Belle and Belle II

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Dark Sector Searches with Belle and Belle II

• Luminosity frontier e^+e^- colliders operating at or near $\Upsilon(4S)$ ($\sqrt{s} \sim 10.6$ GeV)

 $e^+e^- \rightarrow B\bar{B} \sim 1.1 \text{ nb}$ $e^+e^- \rightarrow c\bar{c} \sim 1.3 \text{ nb}$ $e^+e^- \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^- \sim 0.9 \text{ nb}$

Variety of methods to access production of MeV to GeV scale dark mediators

$$e^+e^- \rightarrow X_{Dark}X_{SM} \qquad B/D/\tau \rightarrow X_{Dark}X_{SM}$$

- Belle (1999 2010) collected 1040 fb^{-1}
- Belle II at SuperKEKB (2019 present)
 - Major detector and accelerator upgrade from Belle and KEKB
 - SuperKEKB holds word record luminosity of $4.7 \times 10^{34} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{s}^{-1}$
 - Total dataset to-date is 570 fb⁻¹ (target 50 ab⁻¹)

Dark Mediator "Portals"
Dark Photon
Z'
Heavy Neutral Lepton
Axion-Like Particle
Dark Higgs

Standard Model



https://science.nasa.gov/asset/hubble/dark-matter-map-in-galaxy-cluster-abell-1689/

Belle II Detector

- Precise determination of missing energy/ momentum:
 - ✓ Minimal collision pile-up
 - Well-known initial collision energy and momentum
 - ✓ Hermetic detectors with high detection efficiency for charged and neutral particles

New at Belle II: Low multiplicity triggers targeting dark sector signatures

- Single photon trigger operational for entire dataset
- Single muon trigger
- Single Track Trigger with 3D track reconstruction at L1 using neural networks
- Displaced vertex trigger in development

Electromagnetic Calorimeter CsI(TI) with waveform sampling Position, energy, time, and pulse-shape

K_L^0 and Muon detector

Inner Barrel/Endcaps: Scintillating Strips Outer Barrel: Resistive Plate Chambers

> Trigger: Hardware < 30 kHz Software < 10 kHz

Magnet: 1.5T superconducting

Vertex Detector:

Drift Chamber

He(50%):C₂H₆(50%), Larger size relative

to Belle, smaller cells, new electronics.

DEPFET pixel detector (2 layers) Double-sided silicon strip detector (4 layers)

Charged Particle Identification:

Barrel: Time-of-Propagation counter Forward Endcap: Aerogel Ring-Imaging Cherenkov counter



numbers as axion that solves the strong

- · GeV-scale ALPs can mediate interactions between standard model and dark matter
- Belle search for ALPs production in decay:

Y. Nomura and J. Thaler Phys. Rev. D 79 (2009) 075008

$$B \rightarrow K^{(*)}a(\rightarrow \gamma\gamma)$$
 with $K^0_S, K^+, K^{*0}, K^{*+}$



- ALP is reconstructed from pairs of photons in calorimeter
- ALP can decay promptly or be long-lived particle
- Combined with $K^{(*)}$ to fully reconstruct the B decay

Search for an axion-like particle in B_{dt} meson decays at B_{elley}

- Main backgrounds:
 - $e^+e^- \rightarrow q\bar{q}, \quad q = u, d, s, c$
 - $B \to X_s \gamma$
 - Events with π^0 mesons
- Background suppression using multiple Boosted Decision Trees trained on event level ($q\bar{q}$ vs $b\bar{b}$) and calorimeter information
- Search for localized peak in $M_{\rm \gamma\gamma}$ distribution with simultaneous fit to all kaon modes



Search for an axion-like particle in B meson decays at Belle $\sum_{B \in \mathcal{A}}^{6}$

- No significant signal is observed in all channels
- Limits are set on the $g_{aW} \, {\rm coupling}$ as a function of ALP mass

$$\mathcal{L} = -\frac{g_{aW}}{4} a W_{\mu\nu} \tilde{W}^{\mu\nu}$$

- Limits improve on previous BaBar result by a factor of two
- Improvement driven by larger dataset and inclusion of additional kaon modes



M. Duerr, et al. J. High Energ, Phys. 2021, 146 (2021)

D. Smith and N. Weiner PhysRevD.64.043502 (2001)

- Non-minimal dark sector where relic dark matter couples inelastically to standard model
 - χ_1 = relic dark matter
 - χ_2 = excited dark matter state; Decays $\chi_2 \rightarrow \chi_1 A' \rightarrow \chi_1 e^+ e^-$

 χ_2 is a long lived particle for small χ_1/χ_2 mass splitting

- Dark mediators:
 - $A' = \text{dark photon that mixes with SM photon}_{e}$
 - h' = dark Higgs that mixes with SM Higgs

In region of parameter spaced considered, both the χ_2 and h' can be long lived particles

 μ

 X_2

 \boldsymbol{e}

 χ_1

- χ_2 and dark Higgs are Long Lived Particles for small coupling/mixing
- Decays of h' and χ_2 result in separate 2-track vertices displaced from collision point
- Missing energy from χ_2 decay produces displaced vertex that does not point back to collision point
- Event has large missing energy from multiple χ_1 escaping detector





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Submitted to PRL

arxiv:2505.09705

- No significant excess is observed
- Upper limits are set on: $\sigma(e^+e^- \to h'\chi_1\chi_2) \times \mathscr{B}(\chi_2 \to \chi_1e^+e^-) \times \mathscr{B}(h' \to x^+x^-)$
- ${\scriptstyle \bullet}$ Exclusions set for A' and h' for large range of parameter space
- Note limits by other experiments do not require A'/h' or inelastic dark matter



- Limits improve over existing searches by up to two orders of magnitude depending on combination of model parameters
- $\Delta m = 0.2 m_{\chi_1}$ in plots below

θuis 10-1

$$\epsilon = 3.7 \times 10^{-2}$$

$$c\tau(\chi_2) = 0.01 \text{ cm}$$

$$\epsilon = 3.7 \times 10^{-3}$$

$$\epsilon = 3.7 \times 10^{-4}$$

$$c\tau(\chi_2) = 1 \text{ cm}$$

$$c\tau(\chi_2) = 100 \text{ cm}$$

$$\epsilon = 3.7 \times 10^{-4}$$

$$c\tau(\chi_2) = 100 \text{ cm}$$

$$\frac{10^{-2}}{10^{-4}}$$

$$\frac{10^{-4}}{10^{-4}}$$

Search for a dark Higgs boson produced in association with "" inelastic dark matter at the Belle II experimented in association with ""

 Limits improve over existing searches by up to two orders of magn^{10⁻²} combination of model parameters





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Search for a $\mu^+\mu^-$ resonance in four-muon final states at Belle II

- Search for a dark mediator (X) decaying to $\mu^+\mu^-$
- Multiple interpretations:
 - $Z' \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$ from $L_{\mu} L_{\tau}$ extensions of standard model
 - Muonphilic scalar $S \to \mu^+ \mu^-$ proposed to resolve $(g-2)_{\mu}$ anomaly
- Belle II production channel:

$$e^+e^- \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^- X, \ X \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$$

- Select events with four tracks identified as muons
- Require the four tracks to have total centre-ofmass energy consistent with collision \sqrt{s}



 μ^+ e^+ μ^+ e^{-}



P. Harris, P. Schuster, and J. Zupan (2022), arXiv:2207.08990 N. Tran, et al., PRD 107, 116026 (2023)

Search for a $\mu^+\mu^-$ resonance in four-muon final states at Belle II



- Main background from $e^+e^- \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-\mu^+\mu^-$
 - Suppressed with neural network trained on kinematic quantities
- Search for localized excess in $M(\mu\mu)$ distribution



Search for a $\mu^+\mu^-$ resonance in four-muon final states at Belle II

- No significant excess observed in 178 fb⁻¹
- Limits set on Z' and muonphilic scalar interpretations
- First experiment to set limits on muonphilic scalar. Constrains explanation for muon g-2 anomaly



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Phys. Rev. D 109, 112015 (2024) arXiv:2403.02841

Conclusions

- Variety of methods to search for production of MeV-to-GeV scale dark mediators at Belle and Belle II
- New triggers introduced at Belle II for low multiplicity final states open additional dark sector search opportunities
- Recent dark sector searches by Belle and Belle II were reported
 - ➡Belle Collaboration, Search for an axion-like particle in B meson decays To be submitted to JHEP
 - ➡Belle II Collaboration, Search for a dark Higgs boson produced in association with inelastic dark matter at the Belle II experiment Submitted to PRL arxiv:2505.09705
 - ⇒Belle II Collaboration, Search for a $\mu^+\mu^-$ resonance in four-muon final states at Belle II Phys. Rev. D 109, 112015 (2024) arXiv:2403.02841
- Additional dark sector searches in progress and future results will benefit from full Belle II dataset (575 fb⁻¹)
- Belle II Run 2 will resume in Fall 2025