

Functional Methods Beyond One-Loop Order

Based on [2311.13630] and [2412.12270]
with Javier Fuentes-Martín, Adrián Moreno-Sánchez
and Anders Eller Thomsen

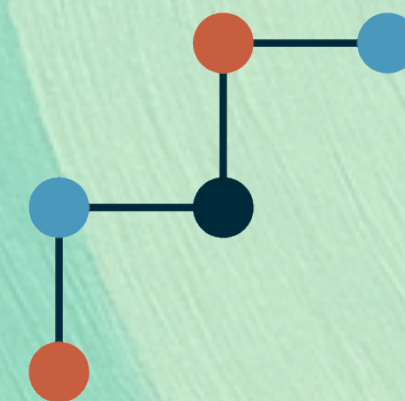
Ajdin Palavrić

PLANCK2025

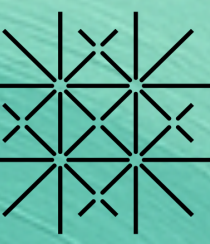
Padova, 27.05.2025



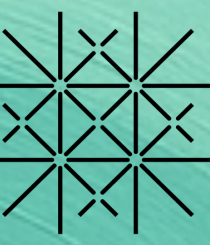
Universität
Basel



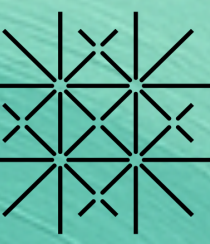
Swiss National
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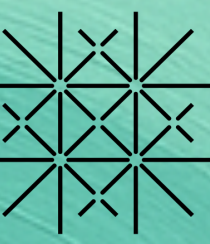
- **Motivation**
 - Higher-loop computations in EFTs
- **Functional formalism at one- and two-loop order**
 - Generating functional, effective action, topologies
- **Applications**
 - Scalar toy model
 - Euler-Heisenberg Lagrangian



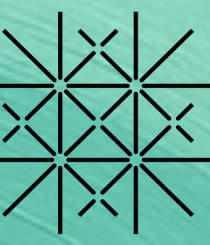
- **Why Higher-Loop Computations in EFTs?**



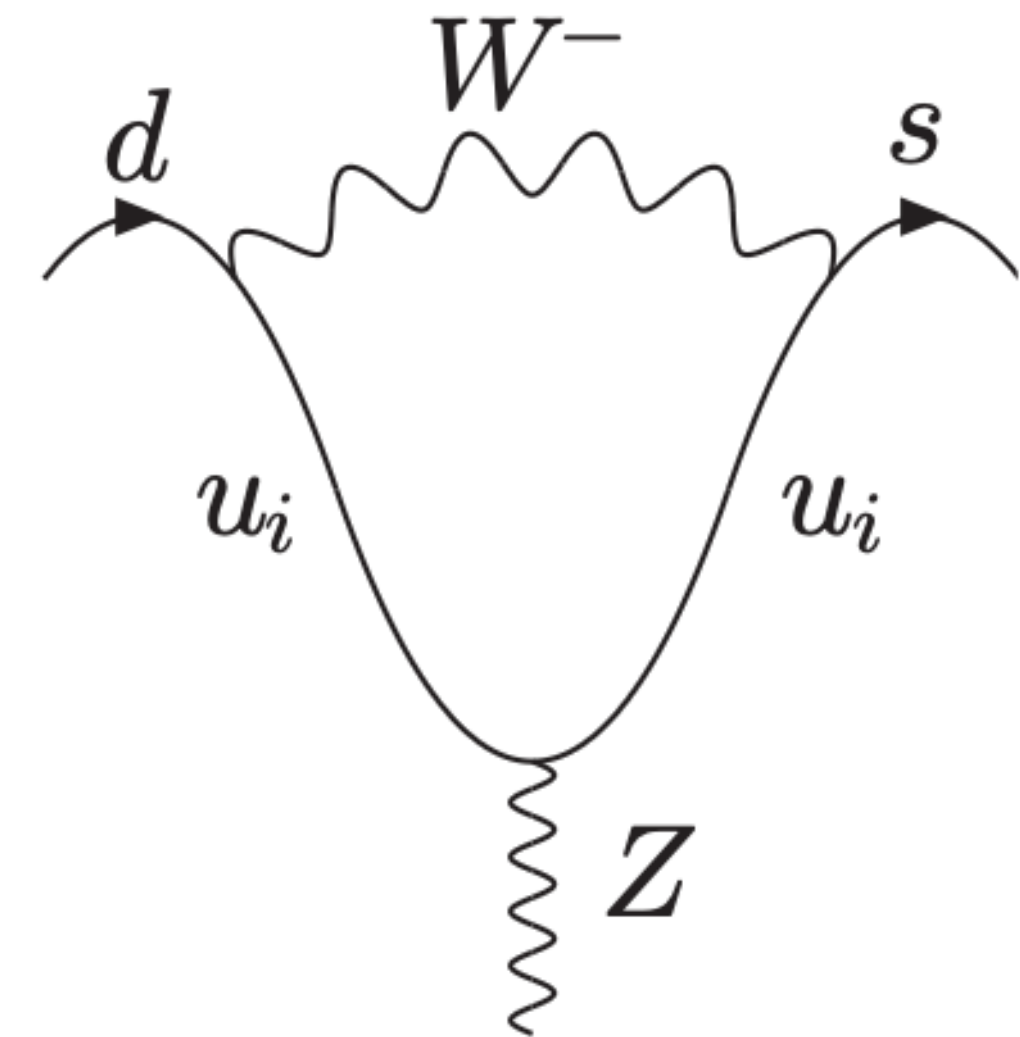
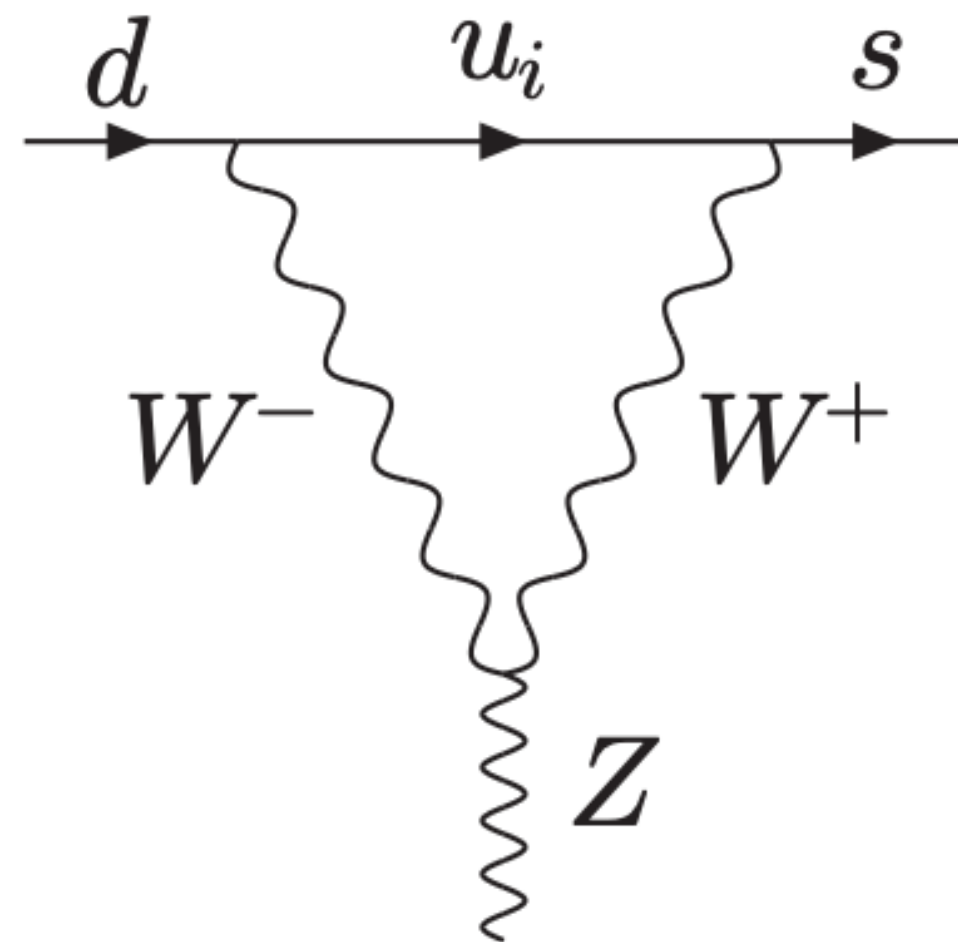
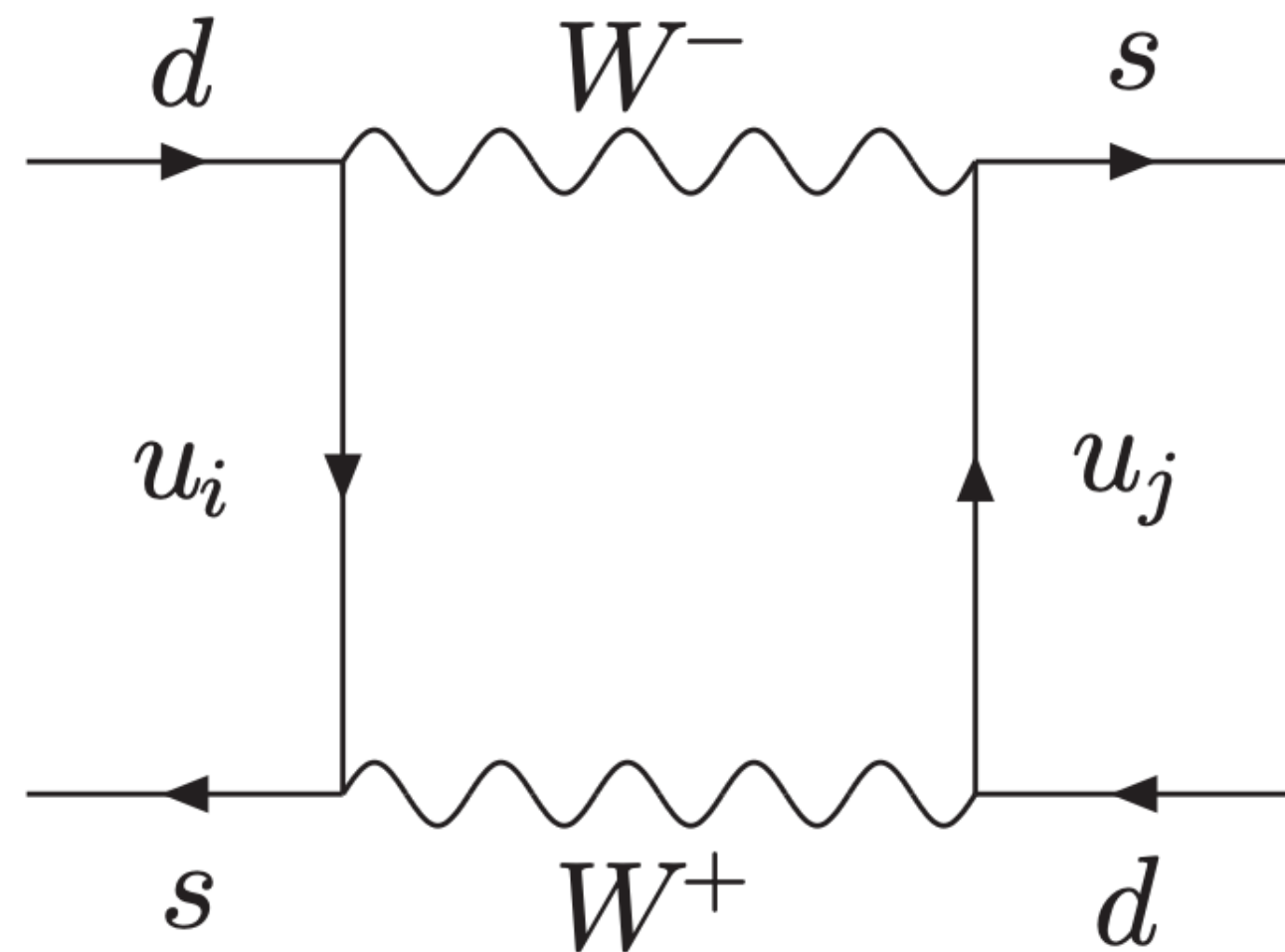
- **Why Higher-Loop Computations in EFTs?**
 - Precision demands

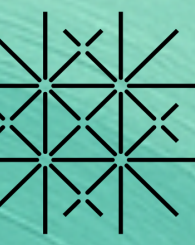


- **Why Higher-Loop Computations in EFTs?**
 - Precision demands
 - 'New' phenomena



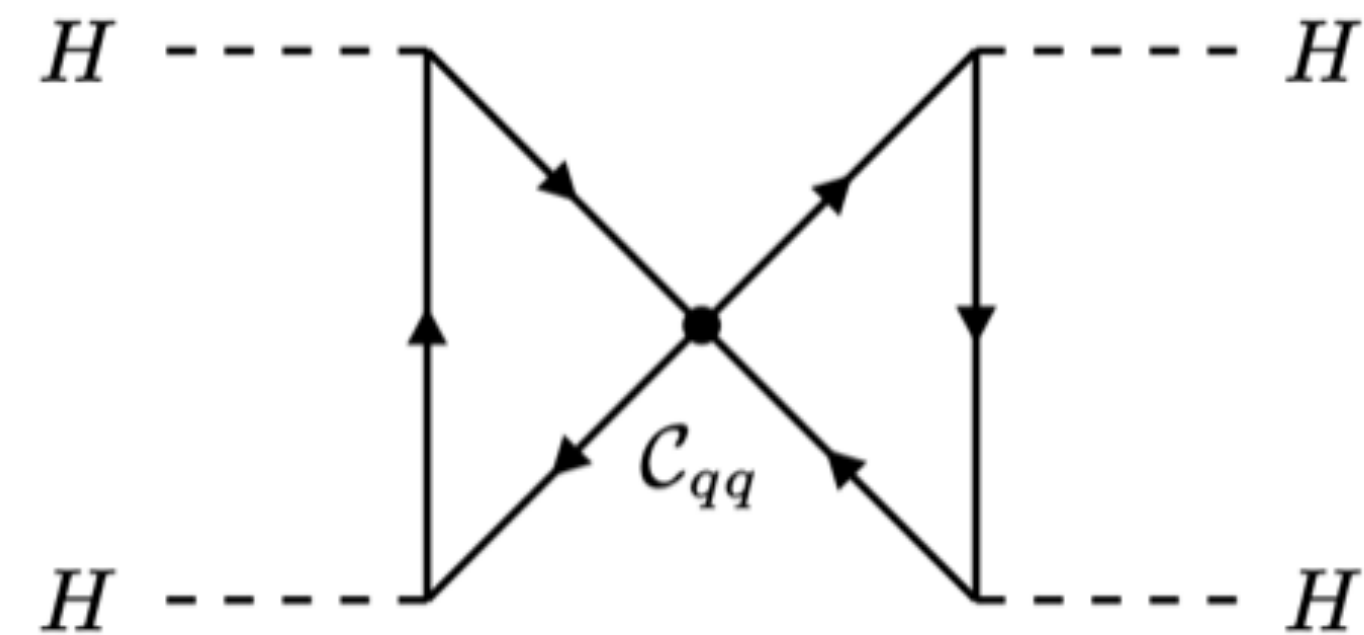
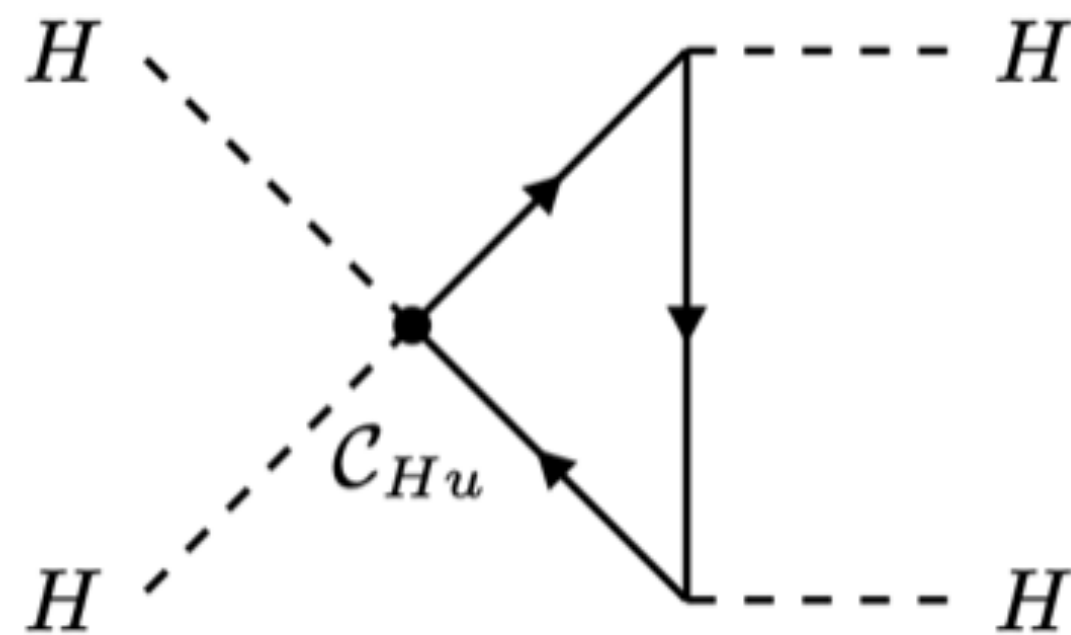
- Why Higher-Loop Computations in EFTs?
 - Precision demands
 - 'New' phenomena - FCNCs in the SM



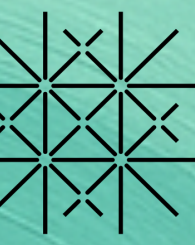


- Why Higher-Loop Computations in EFTs?
 - Precision demands
 - 'New' phenomena - FCNCs in the SM
 - Operator mixing in EFT

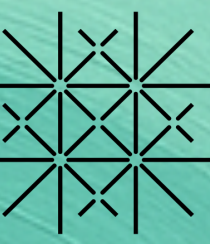
$$16\pi^2 \mu \frac{d\mathcal{C}_i}{d\mu} = \gamma_{ij} \mathcal{C}_j$$



[2302.11584]

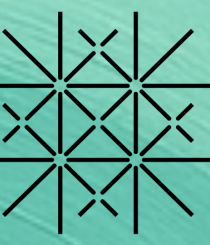


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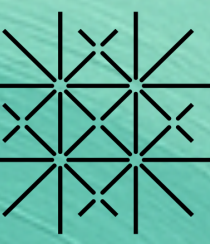


- **Why Higher-Loop Computations in EFTs?**
 - Precision demands
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 - Consistency checks
 - UV completions - neutrino mass models, ALP models

Diagrammatic vs functional approach

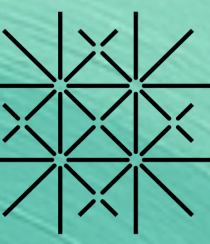


Diagrammatic vs functional approach



- **Diagrammatic approach**
 - Based on equating the amplitudes
 - Valid at any loop order
 - Possible both on- and off-shell
 - Redundancies in EFT basis construction
- ✱ Symmetry factors

Diagrammatic vs functional approach



- **Diagrammatic approach**

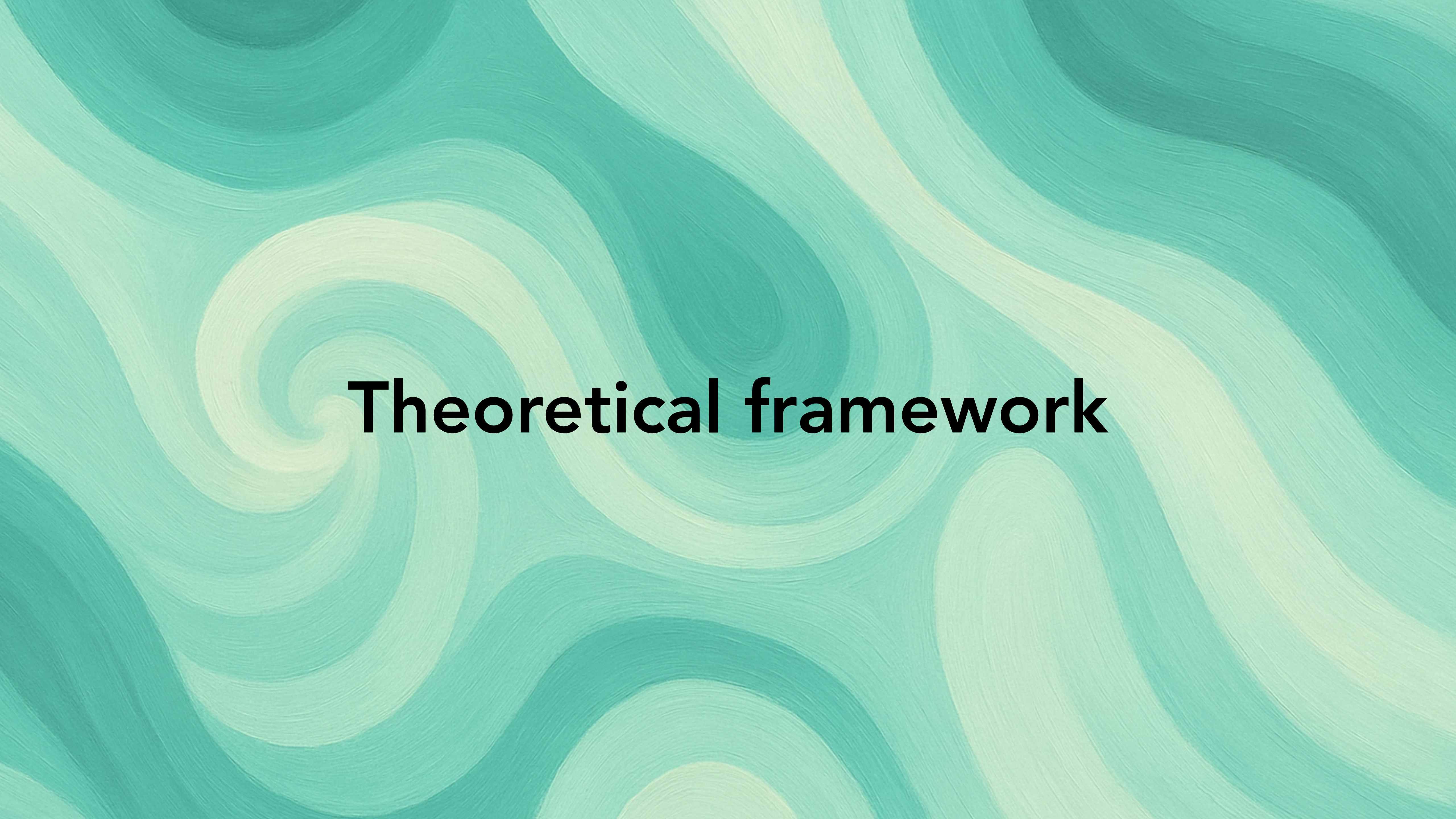
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- **Functional approach**

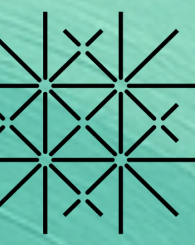
- Based on equating effective action

$$\Gamma_{UV}(\Phi_H, \phi_L) = \Gamma_{\text{EFT}}(\phi_L)$$

- EFT basis automatically obtained
- ✱ Symmetry factors automatically taken care of
- ✱ Automation

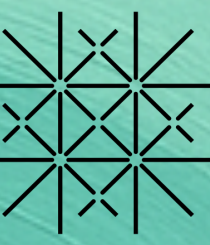
The background of the slide is an abstract, painterly composition of swirling, wavy lines in various shades of teal, turquoise, and pale yellow. The lines flow and swirl across the entire frame, creating a sense of movement and depth. The colors are blended together, with some areas appearing more saturated than others, giving it a textured, hand-painted appearance.

Theoretical framework



- **Generating vacuum functional**

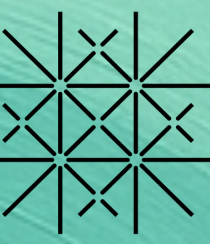
$$e^{i\hbar^{-1}W[\mathcal{J}]} = \int [\mathcal{D}\eta] \exp \left[\frac{i}{\hbar} (S[\eta] + \mathcal{J}_I \eta_I) \right], \quad S = \sum_{\ell=0}^{\infty} \hbar^{\ell} S^{(\ell)}$$



- Generating vacuum functional

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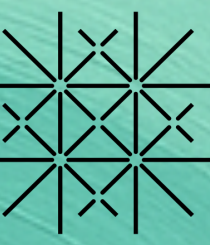
Field configurations



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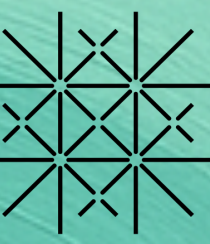
Field configurations Action



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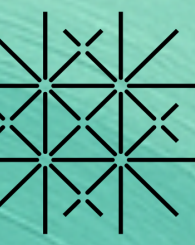
Field configurations Action Source terms



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Field configurations Action Source terms Loop expansion

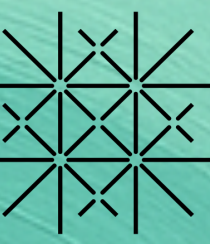


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- **Action expanded around background configuration**

$$S[\eta + \bar{\eta}] = S[\bar{\eta}] + \eta_I \frac{\delta S}{\delta \eta_I}[\bar{\eta}] + \frac{1}{2} \eta_I \eta_J \frac{\delta^2 S}{\delta \eta_I \delta \eta_J}[\bar{\eta}] + \frac{1}{3!} \eta_I \eta_J \eta_K \frac{\delta^3 S}{\delta \eta_I \delta \eta_J \delta \eta_K}[\bar{\eta}] + \frac{1}{4!} \eta_I \eta_J \eta_K \eta_L \frac{\delta^4 S}{\delta \eta_I \delta \eta_J \delta \eta_K \delta \eta_L}[\bar{\eta}]$$



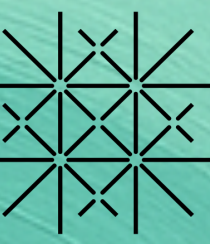
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Equations of
motion



- **Generating vacuum functional**

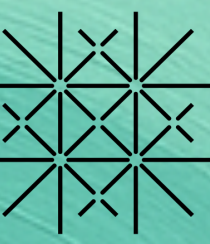
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Equations of
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One-loop
contribution



- Generating vacuum functional

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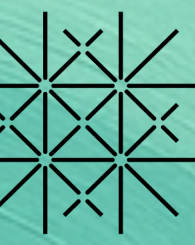
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Equations of
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One-loop
contribution

Two-loop
contribution



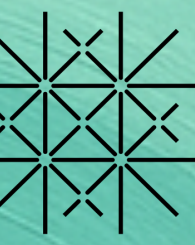
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- **Quantum effective action**



- **Generating vacuum functional**

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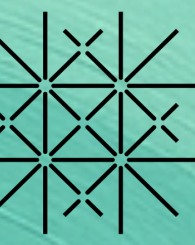
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- **Quantum effective action**

- Generating functional for 1PI diagrams

- Legendre transformation $\Gamma[\hat{\eta}] = W[\mathcal{J}] - \mathcal{J}_I \hat{\eta}_I, \quad \hat{\eta}_I \equiv \frac{\delta W}{\delta \mathcal{J}_I}$

Quantum effective action

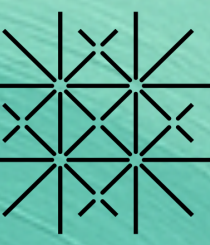


- Up to $\mathcal{O}(\hbar^2)$ quantum effective action is expressed as

Fuentes-Martín, Moreno-Sánchez, AP, Thomsen [2412.12270]

$$\Gamma[\hat{\eta}] = \hat{S}^{(0)} + \hbar \hat{S}^{(1)} + \frac{i\hbar}{2} \text{STr} \log \hat{\mathcal{Q}} + \hbar^2 \hat{S}^{(2)} + \frac{i\hbar^2}{2} \hat{\mathcal{Q}}_{IJ}^{-1} \hat{\mathcal{V}}_{JI}^{(1)} - \frac{\hbar^2}{8} \hat{\mathcal{Q}}_{IJ}^{-1} \hat{\mathcal{Q}}_{KL}^{-1} \hat{\mathcal{V}}_{IJKL} + \frac{\hbar^2}{12} \hat{\mathcal{Q}}_{LI}^{-1} \hat{\mathcal{Q}}_{MJ}^{-1} \hat{\mathcal{Q}}_{NK}^{-1} \hat{\mathcal{V}}_{IJK} \hat{\mathcal{V}}_{LMN}$$

Quantum effective action



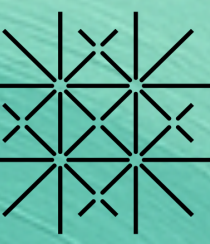
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One-loop
contribution

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One-loop
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Automation

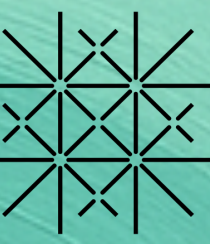
**SUPER
TRACER**

[2012.08506]

MATCHETE

[2212.04510]

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One-loop
contribution

Two-loop
contributions

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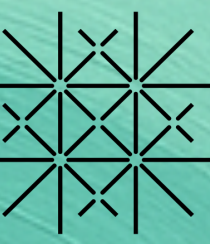
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One-loop
contribution

Two-loop
contributions

$$\hat{\mathcal{V}}_{IJ}^{(\ell)} = \zeta_{JJ} \frac{\delta^2 S^{(\ell)}[\eta]}{\delta \eta_I \delta \eta_J} \Big|_{\eta=\hat{\eta}}, \quad \hat{\mathcal{V}}_{I_1 \dots I_n}^{(\ell)} = \frac{\delta^n S^{(\ell)}[\eta]}{\delta \eta_{I_n} \dots \delta \eta_{I_1}} \Big|_{\eta=\hat{\eta}} \quad (n \neq 2), \quad \hat{\mathcal{Q}}_{IJ} \equiv \hat{\mathcal{V}}_{IJ}^{(0)}$$

Automation

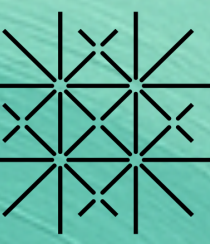
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$$\hat{\mathcal{V}}_{IJ}^{(\ell)} = \zeta_{JJ} \frac{\delta^2 S^{(\ell)}[\eta]}{\delta \eta_I \delta \eta_J} \Big|_{\eta=\hat{\eta}}, \quad \hat{\mathcal{V}}_{I_1 \dots I_n}^{(\ell)} = \frac{\delta^n S^{(\ell)}[\eta]}{\delta \eta_{I_n} \dots \delta \eta_{I_1}} \Big|_{\eta=\hat{\eta}} \quad (n \neq 2), \quad \hat{\mathcal{Q}}_{IJ} \equiv \hat{\mathcal{V}}_{IJ}^{(0)}$$

Automation

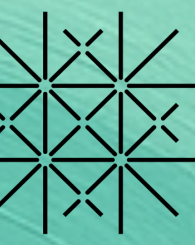
**SUPER
TRACER**

[2012.08506]

MATCHETE

[2212.04510]

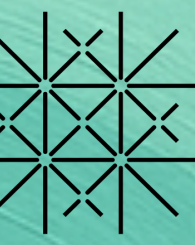
- Extraction of the relevant two-loop topologies



- Extraction of the relevant two-loop topologies

Fuentes-Martín, Moreno-Sánchez, AP, Thomsen [2412.12270]

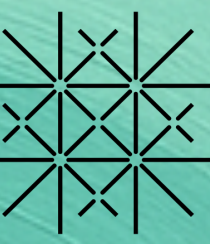
$$\Gamma[\hat{\eta}] = \hat{S}^{(0)} + \hbar \hat{S}^{(1)} + \frac{i\hbar}{2} \text{STr} \log \hat{\mathcal{Q}} + \hbar^2 \hat{S}^{(2)} + \frac{i\hbar^2}{2} \hat{\mathcal{Q}}_{IJ}^{-1} \hat{\mathcal{V}}_{JI}^{(1)} - \frac{\hbar^2}{8} \hat{\mathcal{Q}}_{IJ}^{-1} \hat{\mathcal{Q}}_{KL}^{-1} \hat{\mathcal{V}}_{IJKL} + \frac{\hbar^2}{12} \hat{\mathcal{Q}}_{LI}^{-1} \hat{\mathcal{Q}}_{MJ}^{-1} \hat{\mathcal{Q}}_{NK}^{-1} \hat{\mathcal{V}}_{IJK} \hat{\mathcal{V}}_{LMN}$$



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Fuentes-Martín, Moreno-Sánchez, AP, Thomsen [2412.12270]

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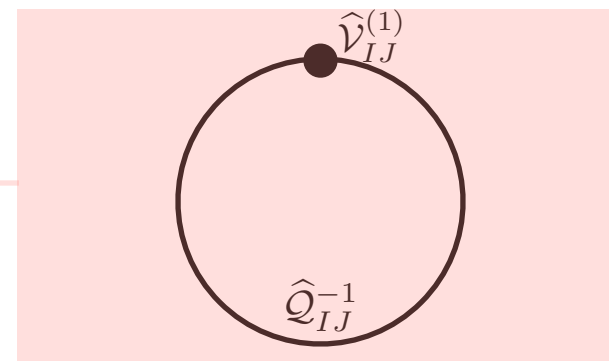


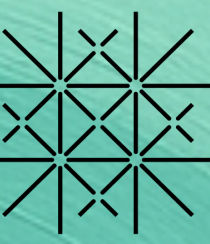
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Counterterm topology



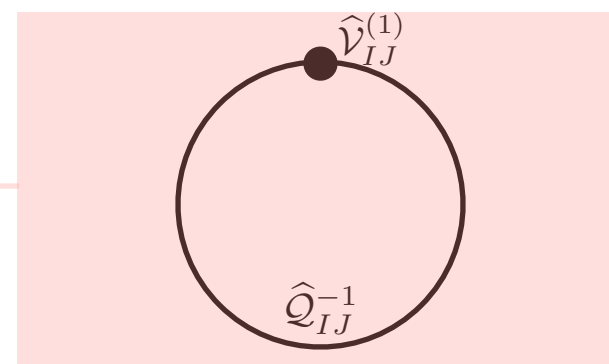


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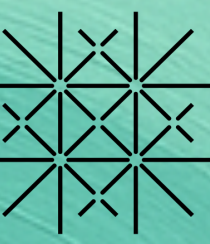
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Counterterm topology



$$G_{\text{ct.}} = \mathcal{Q}_{IJ}^{-1} \mathcal{V}_{JI}^{(1)} = \int_{x,y} \delta_{ba}(y,x) \mathcal{Q}_{ac}^{-1}(x, P_x) V_{cd}^{(1)}(x, P_x) \delta_{db}(x,y)$$

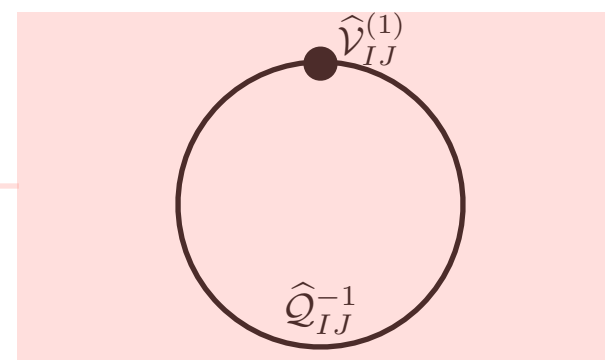


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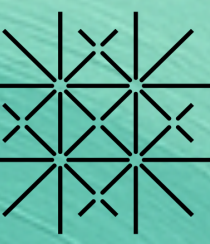
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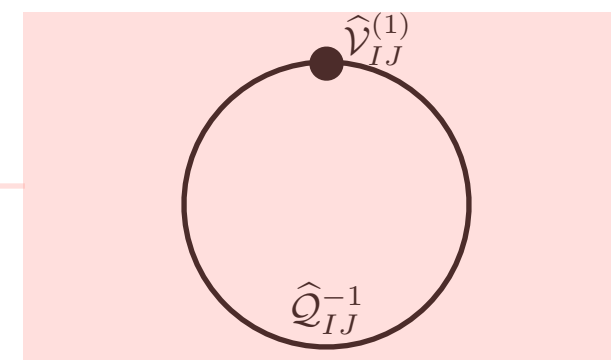


- Extraction of the relevant two-loop topologies

Fuentes-Martín, Moreno-Sánchez, AP, Thomsen [2412.12270]

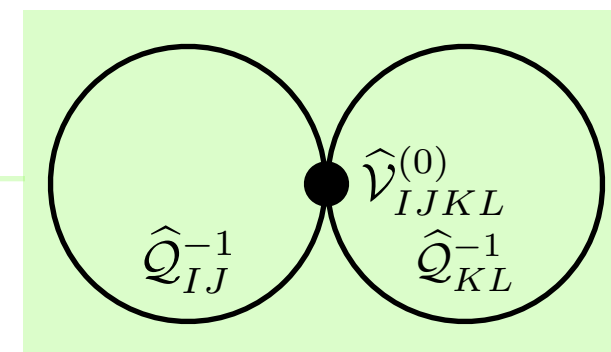
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Counterterm topology

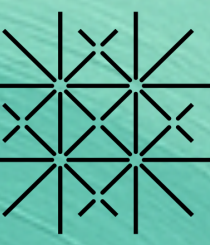


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Figure-8 topology



Quantum effective action

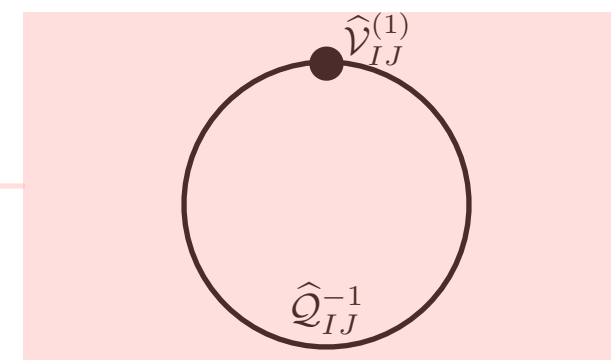


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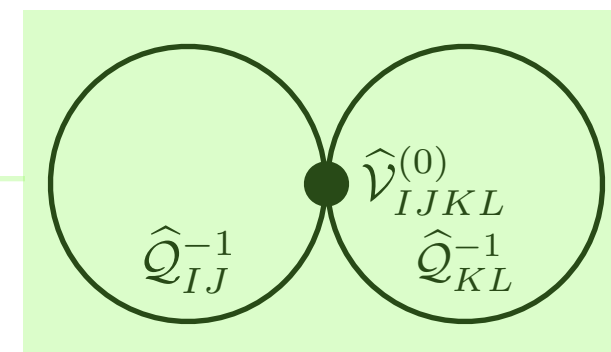
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Counterterm topology

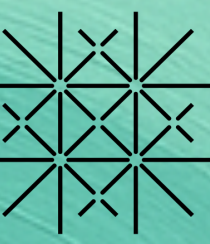


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Figure-8 topology



$$G_{\text{f8.}} = \sum_{m,n,r} (-1)^n \int_x \int_{k\ell} V_{abcd}^{(m,n,r)}(x) [Q_{ae}^{-1}(x, P_x + k) (P_x + k)^m U_{eb}(x, y)]_{y=x} \\ \times [(P_x + \ell)^n Q_{cf}^{-1}(x, P_x + \ell) (P_x + \ell)^r U_{fd}(x, z)]_{z=x}$$

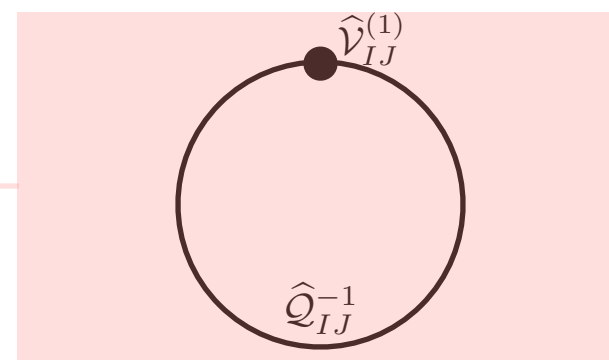


- Extraction of the relevant two-loop topologies

Fuentes-Martín, Moreno-Sánchez, AP, Thomsen [2412.12270]

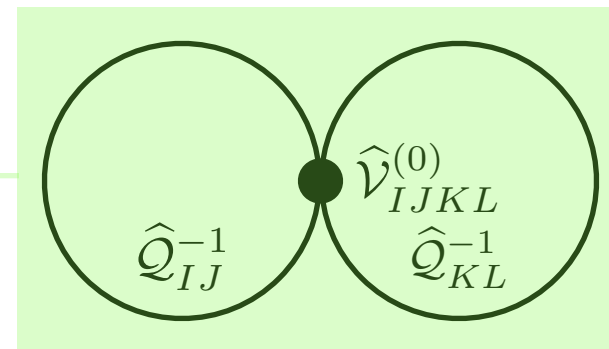
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Counterterm topology



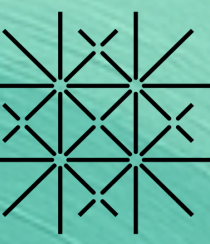
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Figure-8 topology



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Quantum effective action

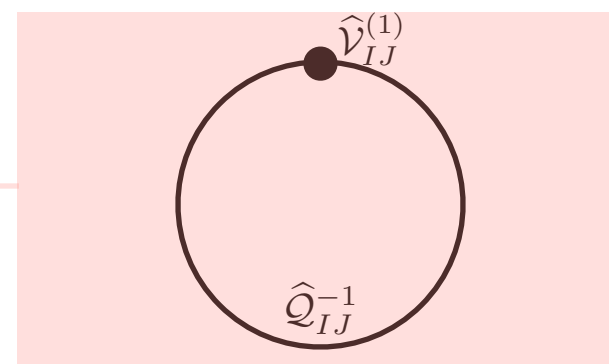


- Extraction of the relevant two-loop topologies

Fuentes-Martín, Moreno-Sánchez, AP, Thomsen [2412.12270]

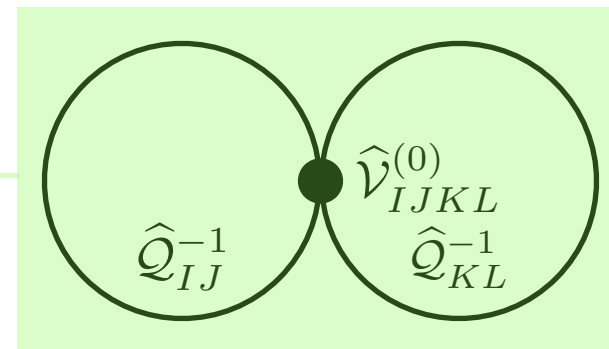
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Counterterm topology



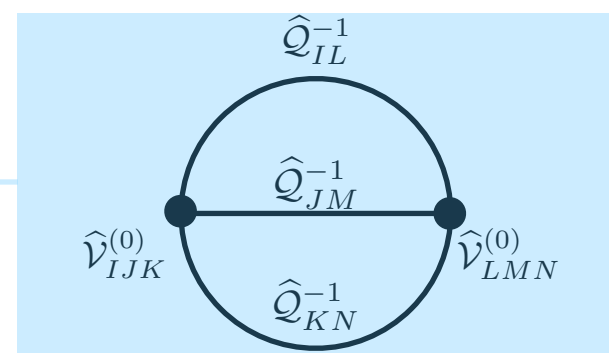
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Figure-8 topology

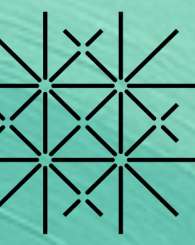


$$G_{\text{f8.}} = \sum_{m,n,r} (-1)^n \int_x \int_{kl} V_{abcd}^{(m,n,r)}(x) [Q_{ae}^{-1}(x, P_x + k) (P_x + k)^m U_{eb}(x, y)]_{y=x} \\ \times [(P_x + \ell)^n Q_{cf}^{-1}(x, P_x + \ell) (P_x + \ell)^r U_{fd}(x, z)]_{z=x}$$

Sunset topology



Quantum effective action

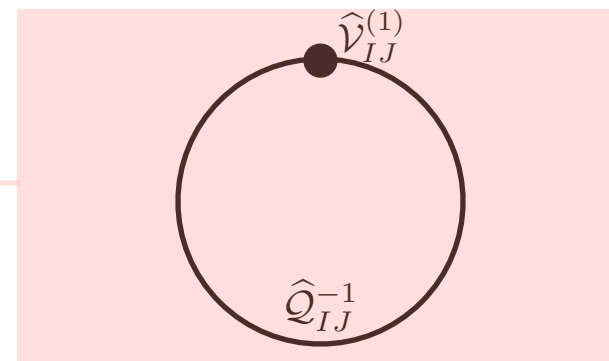


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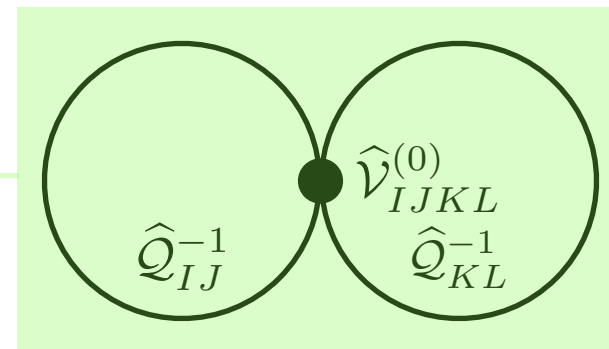
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Counterterm topology



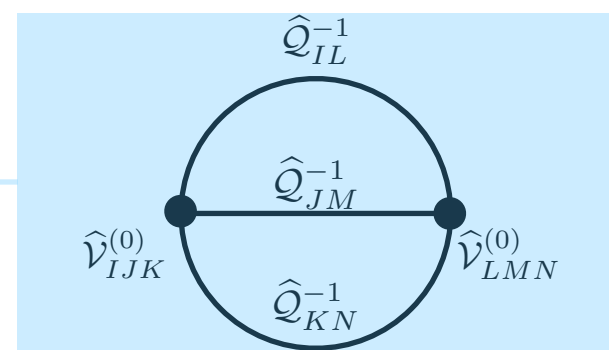
$$G_{\text{ct.}} = \mathcal{Q}_{IJ}^{-1} \mathcal{V}_{JI}^{(1)} = \int_{x,y} \delta_{ba}(y,x) Q_{ac}^{-1}(x, P_x) V_{cd}^{(1)}(x, P_x) \delta_{db}(x,y)$$

Figure-8 topology



$$G_{\text{f8.}} = \sum_{m,n,r} (-1)^n \int_x \int_{k\ell} V_{abcd}^{(m,n,r)}(x) [Q_{ae}^{-1}(x, P_x + k) (P_x + k)^{\underline{m}} U_{eb}(x, y)]_{y=x} \\ \times [(P_x + \ell)^{\underline{n}} Q_{cf}^{-1}(x, P_x + \ell) (P_x + \ell)^{\underline{r}} U_{fd}(x, z)]_{z=x}$$

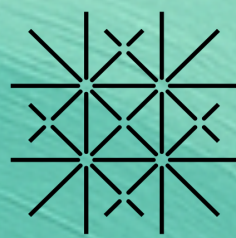
Sunset topology



$$G_{\text{ss.}} = \sum_{m,n,m',n'} (-1)^{m+n} \int_x \int_{k\ell} V_{abc}^{(m,n)}(x) Q_{aa'}^{-1}(y, P_y - k - \ell) V_{a'b'c'}^{(m',n')}(y) \\ \times [(P_x + k)^{\underline{m}} Q_{be}^{-1}(x, P_x + k) (P_x + k)^{\underline{m}'} U_{eb'}(x, y)] \\ \times [(P_x + \ell)^{\underline{n}} Q_{cf}^{-1}(x, P_x + \ell) (P_x + \ell)^{\underline{n}'} U_{fc'}(x, y)] \Big|_{y=x}$$

The background of the slide is an abstract, painterly composition of swirling, organic shapes in various shades of teal, turquoise, and pale yellow-green. The brushstrokes are visible, giving it a textured, hand-painted appearance. The colors blend and swirl together, creating a sense of movement and depth.

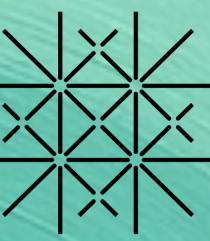
Applications



- Model involving one heavy (Φ) and one light scalar (ϕ)

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{UV}} = \frac{1}{2}(\partial_\mu \phi)^2 + \frac{1}{2}(\partial_\mu \Phi)^2 - \frac{1}{2}m_\phi^2 \phi^2 - \frac{1}{2}M^2 \Phi^2 - \frac{\lambda_\phi}{4!} \phi^4 - \frac{\lambda_\Phi}{4!} \Phi^4 - \frac{\lambda_{\Phi\phi}}{4} \Phi^2 \phi^2 - \frac{\kappa}{3!} \Phi^3 + \mathcal{L}_{\text{UV}}^{\text{ct}}$$

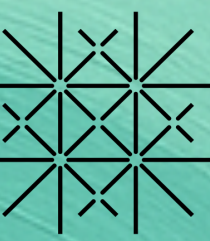
Applications: Scalar toy model



- Model involving one heavy (Φ) and one light scalar (ϕ)

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{UV}} = \frac{1}{2}(\partial_\mu \phi)^2 + \frac{1}{2}(\partial_\mu \Phi)^2 - \frac{1}{2}m_\phi^2 \phi^2 - \frac{1}{2}M^2 \Phi^2 - \frac{\lambda_\phi}{4!} \phi^4 - \frac{\lambda_\Phi}{4!} \Phi^4 - \frac{\lambda_{\Phi\phi}}{4} \Phi^2 \phi^2 - \frac{\kappa}{3!} \Phi^3 + \mathcal{L}_{\text{UV}}^{\text{ct}}$$

- Computation of one-loop counterterms



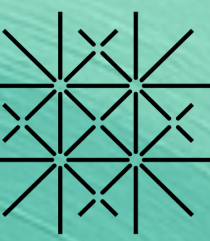
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- Computation of one-loop counterterms

$$\Gamma[\hat{\eta}] = \hat{S}^{(0)} + \hbar \hat{S}^{(1)} + \frac{i\hbar}{2} \text{STr} \log \hat{\mathcal{Q}} + \hbar^2 \hat{S}^{(2)} + \frac{i\hbar^2}{2} \hat{\mathcal{Q}}_{IJ}^{-1} \hat{\mathcal{V}}_{JI}^{(1)} - \frac{\hbar^2}{8} \hat{\mathcal{Q}}_{IJ}^{-1} \hat{\mathcal{Q}}_{KL}^{-1} \hat{\mathcal{V}}_{IJKL} + \frac{\hbar^2}{12} \hat{\mathcal{Q}}_{LI}^{-1} \hat{\mathcal{Q}}_{MJ}^{-1} \hat{\mathcal{Q}}_{NK}^{-1} \hat{\mathcal{V}}_{IJK} \hat{\mathcal{V}}_{LMN}$$

Applications: Scalar toy model



- Model involving one heavy (Φ) and one light scalar (ϕ)

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{UV}} = \frac{1}{2}(\partial_\mu \phi)^2 + \frac{1}{2}(\partial_\mu \Phi)^2 - \frac{1}{2}m_\phi^2 \phi^2 - \frac{1}{2}M^2 \Phi^2 - \frac{\lambda_\phi}{4!}\phi^4 - \frac{\lambda_\Phi}{4!}\Phi^4 - \frac{\lambda_{\Phi\phi}}{4}\Phi^2 \phi^2 - \frac{\kappa}{3!}\Phi^3 + \mathcal{L}_{\text{UV}}^{\text{ct}}$$

- Computation of one-loop counterterms

$$\Gamma[\hat{\eta}] = \hat{S}^{(0)} + \hbar \hat{S}^{(1)} + \frac{i\hbar}{2} \text{STr} \log \hat{\mathcal{Q}} + \hbar^2 \hat{S}^{(2)} + \frac{i\hbar^2}{2} \hat{\mathcal{Q}}_{IJ}^{-1} \hat{\mathcal{V}}_{JI}^{(1)} - \frac{\hbar^2}{8} \hat{\mathcal{Q}}_{IJ}^{-1} \hat{\mathcal{Q}}_{KL}^{-1} \hat{\mathcal{V}}_{IJKL} + \frac{\hbar^2}{12} \hat{\mathcal{Q}}_{LI}^{-1} \hat{\mathcal{Q}}_{MJ}^{-1} \hat{\mathcal{Q}}_{NK}^{-1} \hat{\mathcal{V}}_{IJK} \hat{\mathcal{V}}_{LMN}$$

$$\delta_\phi^{(1)} = \delta_\Phi^{(1)} = 0,$$

$$\delta_{m_\phi}^{(1)} = \frac{\lambda_\phi m_\phi^2 + \lambda_{\Phi\phi} M^2}{2\epsilon},$$

$$\delta_M^{(1)} = \frac{\lambda_\Phi M^2 + \lambda_{\Phi\phi} m_\phi^2 + \kappa^2}{2\epsilon},$$

$$\delta_{\lambda_{\Phi\phi}}^{(1)} = \frac{\lambda_\phi \lambda_{\Phi\phi} + \lambda_\Phi \lambda_{\Phi\phi} + 4\lambda_{\Phi\phi}^2}{2\epsilon},$$

$$\delta_{\kappa_T}^{(1)} = \frac{M^2 \kappa}{2} \left(\frac{1}{\epsilon} - \overline{\ln} M^2 + 1 \right)$$

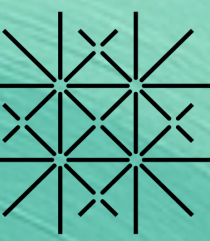
$$\delta_\kappa^{(1)} = \frac{3\lambda_\Phi \kappa}{2\epsilon},$$

$$\delta_{\lambda_\Phi}^{(1)} = \frac{3\lambda_\Phi^2 + 3\lambda_{\Phi\phi}^2}{2\epsilon},$$

$$\delta_{\lambda_\phi}^{(1)} = \frac{3\lambda_\phi^2 + 3\lambda_{\Phi\phi}^2}{2\epsilon},$$

$$\delta_{\kappa'}^{(1)} = \frac{\lambda_{\Phi\phi} \kappa}{2\epsilon},$$

Fuentes-Martín, AP, Thomsen [2311.13630]

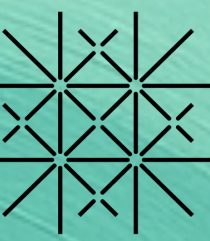


- Model involving one heavy (Φ) and one light scalar (ϕ)

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{UV}} = \frac{1}{2}(\partial_\mu \phi)^2 + \frac{1}{2}(\partial_\mu \Phi)^2 - \frac{1}{2}m_\phi^2 \phi^2 - \frac{1}{2}M^2 \Phi^2 - \frac{\lambda_\phi}{4!} \phi^4 - \frac{\lambda_\Phi}{4!} \Phi^4 - \frac{\lambda_{\Phi\phi}}{4} \Phi^2 \phi^2 - \frac{\kappa}{3!} \Phi^3 + \mathcal{L}_{\text{UV}}^{\text{ct}}$$

- Computation of two-loop functional terms

$$\Gamma[\hat{\eta}] = \hat{S}^{(0)} + \hbar \hat{S}^{(1)} + \frac{i\hbar}{2} \text{STr} \log \hat{\mathcal{Q}} + \hbar^2 \hat{S}^{(2)} + \frac{i\hbar^2}{2} \hat{\mathcal{Q}}_{IJ}^{-1} \hat{\mathcal{V}}_{JI}^{(1)} - \frac{\hbar^2}{8} \hat{\mathcal{Q}}_{IJ}^{-1} \hat{\mathcal{Q}}_{KL}^{-1} \hat{\mathcal{V}}_{IJKL} + \frac{\hbar^2}{12} \hat{\mathcal{Q}}_{LI}^{-1} \hat{\mathcal{Q}}_{MJ}^{-1} \hat{\mathcal{Q}}_{NK}^{-1} \hat{\mathcal{V}}_{IJK} \hat{\mathcal{V}}_{LMN}$$



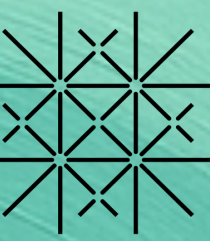
- Model involving one heavy (Φ) and one light scalar (ϕ)

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{UV}} = \frac{1}{2}(\partial_\mu \phi)^2 + \frac{1}{2}(\partial_\mu \Phi)^2 - \frac{1}{2}m_\phi^2 \phi^2 - \frac{1}{2}M^2 \Phi^2 - \frac{\lambda_\phi}{4!} \phi^4 - \frac{\lambda_\Phi}{4!} \Phi^4 - \frac{\lambda_{\Phi\phi}}{4} \Phi^2 \phi^2 - \frac{\kappa}{3!} \Phi^3 + \mathcal{L}_{\text{UV}}^{\text{ct}}$$

- Computation of **two-loop** functional terms

$$\Gamma[\hat{\eta}] = \hat{S}^{(0)} + \hbar \hat{S}^{(1)} + \frac{i\hbar}{2} \text{STr} \log \hat{\mathcal{Q}} + \hbar^2 \hat{S}^{(2)} + \frac{i\hbar^2}{2} \hat{\mathcal{Q}}_{IJ}^{-1} \hat{\mathcal{V}}_{JI}^{(1)} - \frac{\hbar^2}{8} \hat{\mathcal{Q}}_{IJ}^{-1} \hat{\mathcal{Q}}_{KL}^{-1} \hat{\mathcal{V}}_{IJKL} + \frac{\hbar^2}{12} \hat{\mathcal{Q}}_{LI}^{-1} \hat{\mathcal{Q}}_{MJ}^{-1} \hat{\mathcal{Q}}_{NK}^{-1} \hat{\mathcal{V}}_{IJK} \hat{\mathcal{V}}_{LMN}$$

Applications: Scalar toy model



- Model involving one heavy (Φ) and one light scalar (ϕ)

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{UV}} = \frac{1}{2}(\partial_\mu \phi)^2 + \frac{1}{2}(\partial_\mu \Phi)^2 - \frac{1}{2}m_\phi^2 \phi^2 - \frac{1}{2}M^2 \Phi^2 - \frac{\lambda_\phi}{4!} \phi^4 - \frac{\lambda_\Phi}{4!} \Phi^4 - \frac{\lambda_{\Phi\phi}}{4} \Phi^2 \phi^2 - \frac{\kappa}{3!} \Phi^3 + \mathcal{L}_{\text{UV}}^{\text{ct}}$$

- Computation of **two-loop** functional terms

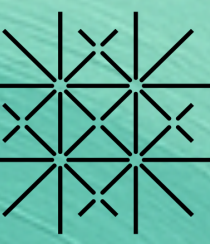
$$\Gamma[\hat{\eta}] = \hat{S}^{(0)} + \hbar \hat{S}^{(1)} + \frac{i\hbar}{2} \text{STr} \log \hat{\mathcal{Q}} + \hbar^2 \hat{S}^{(2)} + \frac{i\hbar^2}{2} \hat{\mathcal{Q}}_{IJ}^{-1} \hat{\mathcal{V}}_{JI}^{(1)} - \frac{\hbar^2}{8} \hat{\mathcal{Q}}_{IJ}^{-1} \hat{\mathcal{Q}}_{KL}^{-1} \hat{\mathcal{V}}_{IJKL} + \frac{\hbar^2}{12} \hat{\mathcal{Q}}_{LI}^{-1} \hat{\mathcal{Q}}_{MJ}^{-1} \hat{\mathcal{Q}}_{NK}^{-1} \hat{\mathcal{V}}_{IJK} \hat{\mathcal{V}}_{LMN}$$

$$\begin{aligned} V_{\Phi\Phi}^{(1)} &= -\delta_M^{(1)} - \frac{\delta_{\lambda_{\Phi\phi}}^{(1)}}{2} \phi^2, \\ V_{\Phi\phi}^{(1)} &= -\delta_{\kappa_{\Phi\phi}}^{(1)} \phi, \\ V_{\phi\phi}^{(1)} &= -\delta_{m_\phi}^{(1)} - \frac{\delta_{\lambda_\phi}^{(1)}}{2} \phi^2. \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} V_{\Phi\Phi\Phi\Phi} &= -\lambda_\Phi, \\ V_{\Phi\Phi\phi\phi} &= -\lambda_{\Phi\phi}, \\ V_{\phi\phi\phi\phi} &= -\lambda_\phi, \\ V_{\Phi\Phi\Phi\phi} &= V_{\Phi\phi\phi\phi} = 0 \end{aligned}$$

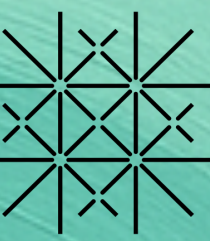
$$\begin{aligned} V_{\Phi\Phi\Phi} &= -\kappa, \\ V_{\Phi\Phi\phi} &= -\lambda_{\Phi\phi\phi}, \\ V_{\phi\phi\phi} &= -\lambda_{\phi\phi\phi}, \\ V_{\Phi\phi\phi} &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

Fuentes-Martín, AP, Thomsen [2311.13630]



- Matching at two-loop level

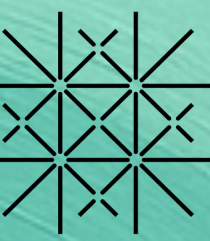
$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{EFT}} = \frac{1}{2}(\partial_\mu \phi)^2 - \frac{1}{2}m^2 \phi^2 - \frac{\lambda}{4!} \phi^4 - \frac{c_6}{6!} \phi^6 + \mathcal{L}_{\text{EFT}}^{\text{ct}}$$



- Matching at two-loop level

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{EFT}} = \frac{1}{2}(\partial_\mu \phi)^2 - \frac{1}{2}m^2\phi^2 - \frac{\lambda}{4!}\phi^4 - \frac{c_6}{6!}\phi^6 + \mathcal{L}_{\text{EFT}}^{\text{ct}}$$

$$m^2 = m_\phi^2 - \frac{\lambda_{\Phi\phi}}{32\pi^2} (1 - \overline{\ln} M^2) M^2 + \frac{1}{(16\pi^2)^2} \left[\left(5 - 4\overline{\ln} M^2 + \overline{\ln}^2 M^2 \right) \frac{\lambda_{\Phi\phi}^2}{2} M^2 - \left(\overline{\ln} M^2 - \overline{\ln}^2 M^2 \right) \frac{\lambda_\Phi \lambda_{\Phi\phi}}{4} M^2 \right. \\ \left. + \left(1 - 2\sqrt{3} \text{Cl}_2 - 2\overline{\ln} M^2 + \overline{\ln}^2 M^2 \right) \frac{\lambda_{\Phi\phi}}{8} \kappa^2 - \left(\frac{11}{4} + \overline{\ln} M^2 + \overline{\ln}^2 M^2 \right) \frac{\lambda_{\Phi\phi}^2}{4} m_\phi^2 + (5 + 6\overline{\ln} M^2) \frac{\lambda_{\Phi\phi}^2 m_\phi^4}{36M^2} \right]$$

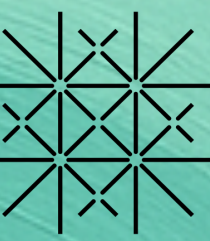


- Matching at two-loop level

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{EFT}} = \frac{1}{2}(\partial_\mu \phi)^2 - \frac{1}{2}m^2\phi^2 - \frac{\lambda}{4!}\phi^4 - \frac{c_6}{6!}\phi^6 + \mathcal{L}_{\text{EFT}}^{\text{ct}}$$

$$m^2 = m_\phi^2 - \frac{\lambda_{\Phi\phi}}{32\pi^2} (1 - \overline{\ln} M^2) M^2 + \frac{1}{(16\pi^2)^2} \left[\left(5 - 4\overline{\ln} M^2 + \overline{\ln}^2 M^2 \right) \frac{\lambda_{\Phi\phi}^2}{2} M^2 - \left(\overline{\ln} M^2 - \overline{\ln}^2 M^2 \right) \frac{\lambda_\Phi \lambda_{\Phi\phi}}{4} M^2 \right. \\ \left. + \left(1 - 2\sqrt{3} \text{Cl}_2 - 2\overline{\ln} M^2 + \overline{\ln}^2 M^2 \right) \frac{\lambda_{\Phi\phi}}{8} \kappa^2 - \left(\frac{11}{4} + \overline{\ln} M^2 + \overline{\ln}^2 M^2 \right) \frac{\lambda_{\Phi\phi}^2}{4} m_\phi^2 + (5 + 6\overline{\ln} M^2) \frac{\lambda_{\Phi\phi}^2 m_\phi^4}{36M^2} \right]$$

- EFT RGEs at two-loop order



- Matching at two-loop level

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{EFT}} = \frac{1}{2}(\partial_\mu \phi)^2 - \frac{1}{2}m^2\phi^2 - \frac{\lambda}{4!}\phi^4 - \frac{c_6}{6!}\phi^6 + \mathcal{L}_{\text{EFT}}^{\text{ct}}$$

$$m^2 = m_\phi^2 - \frac{\lambda_{\Phi\phi}}{32\pi^2} (1 - \bar{\ln} M^2) M^2 + \frac{1}{(16\pi^2)^2} \left[\left(5 - 4\bar{\ln} M^2 + \bar{\ln}^2 M^2 \right) \frac{\lambda_{\Phi\phi}^2}{2} M^2 - \left(\bar{\ln} M^2 - \bar{\ln}^2 M^2 \right) \frac{\lambda_\Phi \lambda_{\Phi\phi}}{4} M^2 \right. \\ \left. + \left(1 - 2\sqrt{3} \text{Cl}_2 - 2\bar{\ln} M^2 + \bar{\ln}^2 M^2 \right) \frac{\lambda_{\Phi\phi}}{8} \kappa^2 - \left(\frac{11}{4} + \bar{\ln} M^2 + \bar{\ln}^2 M^2 \right) \frac{\lambda_{\Phi\phi}^2}{4} m_\phi^2 + (5 + 6\bar{\ln} M^2) \frac{\lambda_{\Phi\phi}^2 m_\phi^4}{36M^2} \right]$$

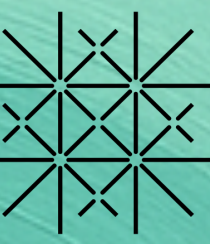
- EFT RGEs at two-loop order

$$\begin{aligned} \delta_{m^2,1}^{(2)} &= -\frac{\lambda^2 m^2}{4}, & \delta_{m^2,2}^{(2)} &= \frac{4m^2 \lambda^2 + m^4 c_6}{8}, \\ \delta_{\lambda,1}^{(2)} &= -\frac{9\lambda^3 + 5m^2 \lambda c_6}{6}, & \delta_{\lambda,2}^{(2)} &= \frac{9\lambda^3 + 11m^2 \lambda c_6}{4}, \\ \delta_{c_6,1}^{(2)} &= -\frac{215\lambda^2 c_6}{12}, & \delta_{c_6,2}^{(2)} &= \frac{135\lambda^2 c_6}{4}, \\ \delta_{\phi,1}^{(2)} &= -\frac{\lambda^2}{24}, & \delta_{\phi,2}^{(2)} &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \gamma_\phi &= \frac{1}{2} \frac{d \ln(1 + \delta_\phi)}{d \ln \mu} = -\frac{\partial \delta_{\phi,1}^{(2)}}{\partial \lambda} = \frac{1}{(16\pi^2)^2} \frac{\lambda^2}{12}, \\ \beta_{m^2} &= \frac{m^2 \lambda}{16\pi^2} - \frac{5}{6} \frac{m^2 \lambda^2}{(16\pi^2)^2}, \\ \beta_\lambda &= \frac{3\lambda^2 + m^2 c_6}{16\pi^2} - \frac{1}{3} \frac{17\lambda^3 + 10\lambda m^2 c_6}{(16\pi^2)^2}, \\ \beta_{c_6} &= \frac{15\lambda c_6}{16\pi^2} - \frac{427}{6} \frac{\lambda^2 c_6}{(16\pi^2)^2} \end{aligned}$$

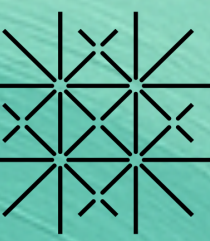
RGBeta

[2101.08265]



- Matching QED onto theory with self-interacting photons

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{QED}} = \bar{\psi}(i\gamma^\mu D_\mu - m)\psi - \frac{1}{4}F^{\mu\nu}F_{\mu\nu} - \frac{1}{2\xi}(\partial_\mu A^\mu)^2 + \mathcal{L}_{\text{ct}}.$$

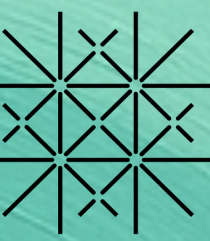


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- Non-vanishing two-loop functional objects

$$V_{A_\mu A_\nu}^{(1)} = -g^{\mu\nu}\delta_F^{(1)}P_x^2, \quad V_{\psi\psi^c}^{(1)} = V_{\psi^c\psi}^{(1)} = C\left(\delta_\psi^{(1)}\not{P}_x - \delta_m^{(1)}\right), \quad V_{A_\mu\psi\psi^c} = -V_{A_\mu\psi^c\psi} = eC\gamma^\mu$$



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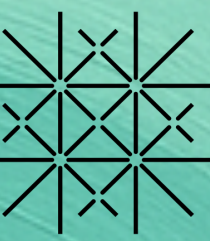
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- Full two-loop matching result

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{L}_{\text{EFT}} = & -\frac{1}{4}\left[1 + \frac{e^2}{16\pi^2}\frac{4}{3}\log\frac{\mu^2}{m^2} + \frac{e^4}{(16\pi^2)^2}\left(\frac{13}{3} - 4\log\frac{\mu^2}{m^2}\right)\right]F^{\mu\nu}F_{\mu\nu} \\ & + \left[\frac{1}{16\pi^2}\frac{7}{90}\frac{e^4}{m^4} + \frac{1}{(16\pi^2)^2}\frac{e^6}{m^4}\left(\frac{247}{810} - \frac{14}{15}\log\frac{\mu^2}{m^2}\right)\right](F^{\mu\nu}F_{\nu\sigma})(F^{\rho\sigma}F_{\mu\rho}) \\ & - \left[\frac{1}{16\pi^2}\frac{1}{36}\frac{e^4}{m^4} + \frac{1}{(16\pi^2)^2}\frac{e^6}{m^4}\left(\frac{49}{324} - \frac{1}{3}\log\frac{\mu^2}{m^2}\right)\right](F^{\mu\nu}F_{\mu\nu})^2. \end{aligned}$$

Applications: Euler-Heisenberg Lagrangian



Fuentes-Martín, Moreno-Sánchez, AP, Thomsen [2412.12270]

- Matching QED onto theory with self-interacting photons

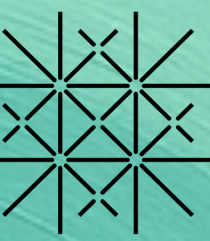
$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{QED}} = \bar{\psi}(i\gamma^\mu D_\mu - m)\psi - \frac{1}{4}F^{\mu\nu}F_{\mu\nu} - \frac{1}{2\xi}(\partial_\mu A^\mu)^2 + \mathcal{L}_{\text{ct.}}$$

- Non-vanishing two-loop functional objects

$$V_{A_\mu A_\nu}^{(1)} = -g^{\mu\nu}\delta_F^{(1)}P_x^2, \quad V_{\psi\psi^c}^{(1)} = V_{\psi^c\psi}^{(1)} = C\left(\delta_\psi^{(1)}\not{P}_x - \delta_m^{(1)}\right), \quad V_{A_\mu\psi\psi^c} = -V_{A_\mu\psi^c\psi} = eC\gamma^\mu$$

- Full two-loop matching result

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{L}_{\text{EFT}} = & -\frac{1}{4}\left[1 + \frac{e^2}{16\pi^2}\frac{4}{3}\log\frac{\mu^2}{m^2} + \frac{e^4}{(16\pi^2)^2}\left(\frac{13}{3} - 4\log\frac{\mu^2}{m^2}\right)\right] \boxed{F^{\mu\nu}F_{\mu\nu}} \quad \text{Dim-4} \\ & + \left[\frac{1}{16\pi^2}\frac{7}{90}\frac{e^4}{m^4} + \frac{1}{(16\pi^2)^2}\frac{e^6}{m^4}\left(\frac{247}{810} - \frac{14}{15}\log\frac{\mu^2}{m^2}\right)\right] \boxed{(F^{\mu\nu}F_{\nu\sigma})(F^{\rho\sigma}F_{\mu\rho})} \quad \text{Dim-8} \\ & - \left[\frac{1}{16\pi^2}\frac{1}{36}\frac{e^4}{m^4} + \frac{1}{(16\pi^2)^2}\frac{e^6}{m^4}\left(\frac{49}{324} - \frac{1}{3}\log\frac{\mu^2}{m^2}\right)\right] \boxed{(F^{\mu\nu}F_{\mu\nu})^2} \quad \text{Dim-8} \end{aligned}$$

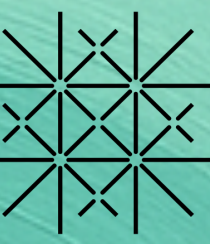


- Necessity of performing computations beyond one-loop order
- Extension of the well-established functional formalism beyond one-loop order
- Extraction of relevant topologies in the effective action
- Analysis of two simple examples
- Avenues for future work
 - Implementation of γ_5
 - More applications: SMEFT, LEFT

The background is an abstract, painterly composition of swirling, organic shapes in various shades of teal, turquoise, and pale yellow-green. The brushstrokes are visible, giving it a textured, hand-painted appearance. The colors blend and swirl together, creating a sense of movement and depth.

Backup slides

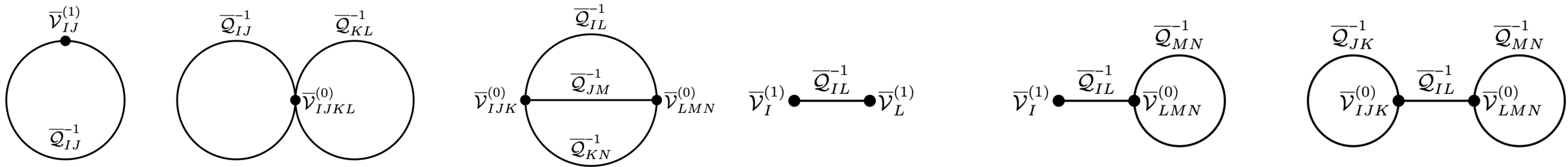
Generating functional

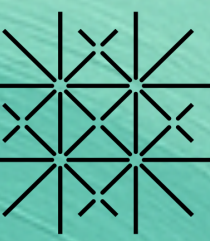


- Expanded version of generating functional

$$\begin{aligned}
 W[\mathcal{J}] = & \bar{S}^{(0)} + \mathcal{J}_I \bar{\eta}_I + \hbar \bar{S}^{(1)} + \frac{i\hbar}{2} \text{STr} \log \bar{\mathcal{Q}} + \hbar^2 \bar{S}^{(2)} + \frac{i\hbar^2}{2} \zeta_{II} \bar{\mathcal{Q}}_{IJ}^{-1} \bar{\mathcal{V}}_{JI}^{(1)} \\
 & + \frac{\hbar^2}{12} \zeta_{IN} \zeta_{IM} \zeta_{JN} \bar{\mathcal{Q}}_{LI}^{-1} \bar{\mathcal{Q}}_{MJ}^{-1} \bar{\mathcal{Q}}_{NK}^{-1} \bar{\mathcal{V}}_{IJK}^{(0)} \bar{\mathcal{V}}_{LMN}^{(0)} - \frac{\hbar^2}{8} \bar{\mathcal{Q}}_{IJ}^{-1} \bar{\mathcal{Q}}_{KL}^{-1} \bar{\mathcal{V}}_{IJKL}^{(0)} \\
 & - \frac{\hbar^2}{2} \zeta_{II} \left(\bar{\mathcal{V}}_I^{(1)} + \frac{i}{2} \bar{\mathcal{Q}}_{JK}^{-1} \bar{\mathcal{V}}_{IJK}^{(0)} \right) \bar{\mathcal{Q}}_{IL}^{-1} \left(\bar{\mathcal{V}}_L^{(1)} + \frac{i}{2} \bar{\mathcal{Q}}_{MN}^{-1} \bar{\mathcal{V}}_{LMN}^{(0)} \right) + \mathcal{O}(\hbar^3)
 \end{aligned}$$

- Topologies





- Background field gauge

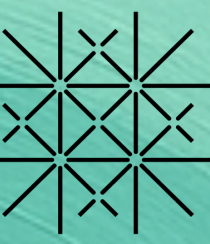
$$\Gamma[\underline{\eta}, \hat{\eta}] = -i \log \int [\mathcal{D}\eta][\mathcal{D}\omega] \exp \left[i \left(S[\hat{\eta} + \eta] + S_{\text{fix}}^G[\eta, \omega, \hat{\eta}] + \int_x \mathcal{J}_I(\eta_I - \underline{\eta}_I) \right) \right]$$

- Faddeev-Popov procedure

$$S_{\text{fix}}^G[\eta, \omega, \hat{\eta}] = -\frac{1}{2g^2\xi} (\hat{D}^\mu A_\mu^A)^2 - \bar{\omega}_A \hat{D}^\mu (\hat{D}_\mu \omega^A + f^A_{BC} A_\mu^B \omega^C)$$

- Action

$$S[\hat{\eta} + \eta] + S_{\text{fix}}^G[\eta, \omega, \hat{\eta}] = \hat{S} + \sum_{\ell=0}^{\infty} \left(\Omega_I \hat{\mathcal{V}}_I^{(\ell)} + \frac{1}{2} \Omega_I \hat{\mathcal{V}}_{IJ}^{(\ell)} \Omega_J + \sum_{n=3}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n!} \Omega_{I_1} \dots \Omega_{I_n} \hat{\mathcal{V}}_{I_1 \dots I_n}^{(\ell)} \right)$$



- Parallel transport

$$f_a(x) = [U_\gamma(x, y)]_{ab} f_b(y), \quad U_\gamma(x, y) = \mathcal{P} \exp \left[i \int_\gamma dz^\mu \hat{A}_\mu(z) \right]$$

- Covariant evaluation of integrals

$$\mathcal{A}_{IJ} \mathcal{B}_{JK} = \int_y A_{ad}(x, P_x) \delta_{db}(x, y) B_{bf}(y, P_y) \delta_{fc}(y, z) = A_{ab}(x, P_x) B_{bd}(x, P_x) \delta_{dc}(x, z)$$

- Covariant evaluation of the log term

$$(\log \mathcal{A})_{IJ} = - \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n} (\mathcal{I} - \mathcal{A})_{IJ}^n = - \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n} (\mathbb{1} - A(x, P_x))_{ac}^n \delta_{cb}(x, y) = (\log A(x, P_x))_{ac} \delta_{cb}(x, y)$$